# Cost and Value: Multiple Benefits of Green Commercial Buildings

**Phil Jones** 

Welsh School of Architecture Cardiff University

Visiting Research Professor University of Hong Kong



















## Multiple Benefits of Green Commercial Buildings

- A green 'sustainable' building will provide added value
- •Difficult to attach an actual financial value to the all benefits of green buildings
- Are they more attractive to tenants and occupiers?
- •Can they attract a financial premium ?
- Are people aware of the full benefits.



















#### Are people aware of these benefits?







# Why aren't all houses energy + ?









HEATING SYSTEM











9 KWh BATTERY





TEMS SOLCER

## **Commercial Buildings**

Energy relatively small in relation to overall operating costs - not top priority for operators.

Energy must be considered with other 'green' building attributes.

Comfort + Health

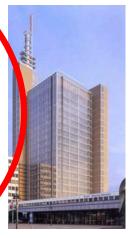
Productivity

Green agenda

Asset value



















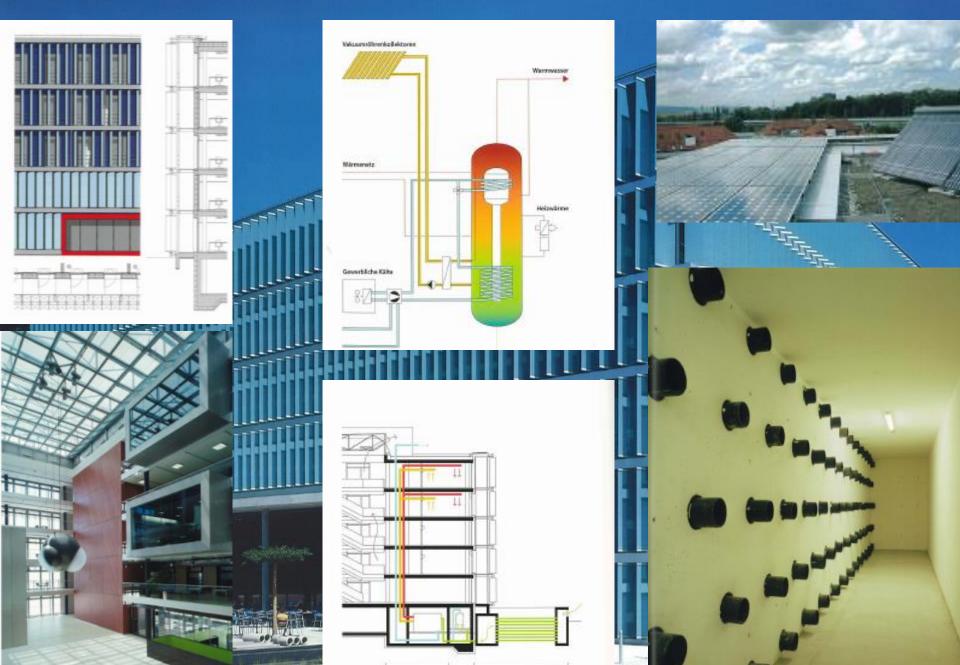


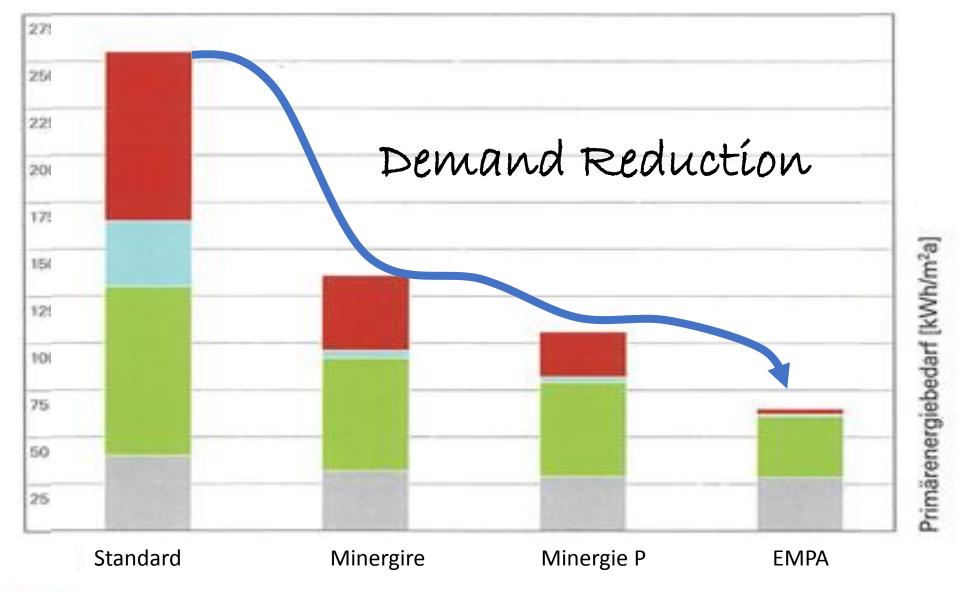




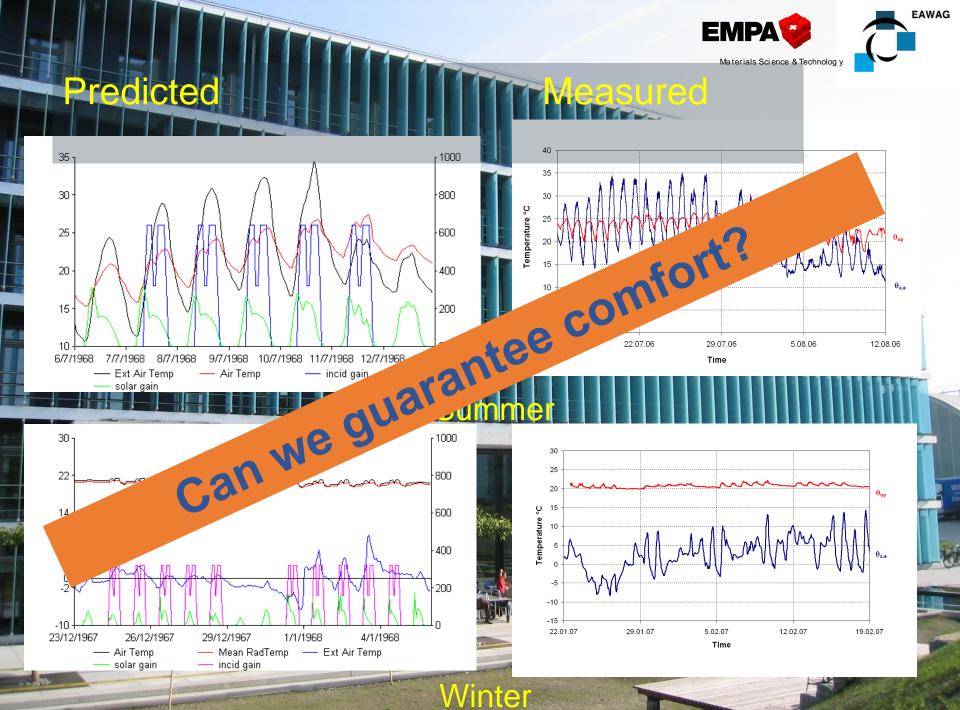


# EMPA zero carbon office, Zurich





- Wärmeenergie Heating energy
- Kühlenergie Cooling energy
- Elektrizität Electricity
- Graue Energie Gray energy (embodied energy)



#### **COST AND VALUE**

# Value of a green building is the overall return on investment:

- •quantitative terms, for example, energy saved.
- •qualitative nature, such as, improved quality of life, accepting that such qualitative improvements can also result in cost benefits.

#### Multiple benefits, include:

increased occupant satisfaction; longer tenancies and higher lease rates, reduced absenteeism in businesses and an overall higher asset value; future proofed and reduced risk of obsolescence; less need for refurbishment in the future; higher demand from institutional investors and satisfying corporate social responsibilities; and, lower operating and maintenance costs.













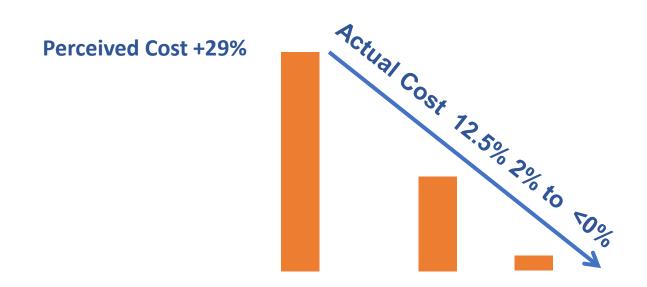






## Cost of a green building

- Perceived to be as high as 29%
- In practice are less than 12.5%
- Studies have shown around 2%
- Sometimes less than standard costs





















#### **OVERALL COSTS**

#### Design/construction costs: O&M costs: business costs

: 200 (Evans, R, Haryott, R, Haste, N and Jones, A, 1998)

1:0.4:12 (Hughes, WP and Ancell, D and Gruneberg, S and Hirst, L, 2004)

#### **Energy costs typically 1% of O&M costs**

(Kats G, Leon A, & Adam B, 2003)



















## PRODUCTIVITY, HEALTH AND COMFORT

An estimated average increase in productivity for a green building with a good environment is **4.8%** (Johnson Controls, 2012) to **30%** (Davis Langdon 2007).

Productivity gains (Loftness V, Hartkopf V, Gurtekin B, Hansen, D, Hitchcock R, 2003)

individual temperature control +3%;

improved ventilation +11%;

• improved lighting design +23%;

• Natural environment (daylight / openable windows) +18%.

**Reduced absenteeism** (Lucuik M, Trusty W, Larsson N, and Charette R, 2005) spaces with higher office ventilation rates -35%.



















#### PRODUCTIVITY AND HEALTH

#### **Sick Building Syndrome**

USA, potential annual savings through productivity gains are \$10 to \$30 billion from reduced Sick Building Syndrome symptoms and \$20 to \$60 billion from direct improvements in worker performance that are unrelated to health. (Fisk WJ, 2000)

20% of workers might be affected by SBS symptoms (J. Heerwagen, 2010). Reducing SBS symptoms can potentially reduce absenteeism, as well as increasing productivity, and creating a more favourable working environment, which in turn can reduce staff churn.



















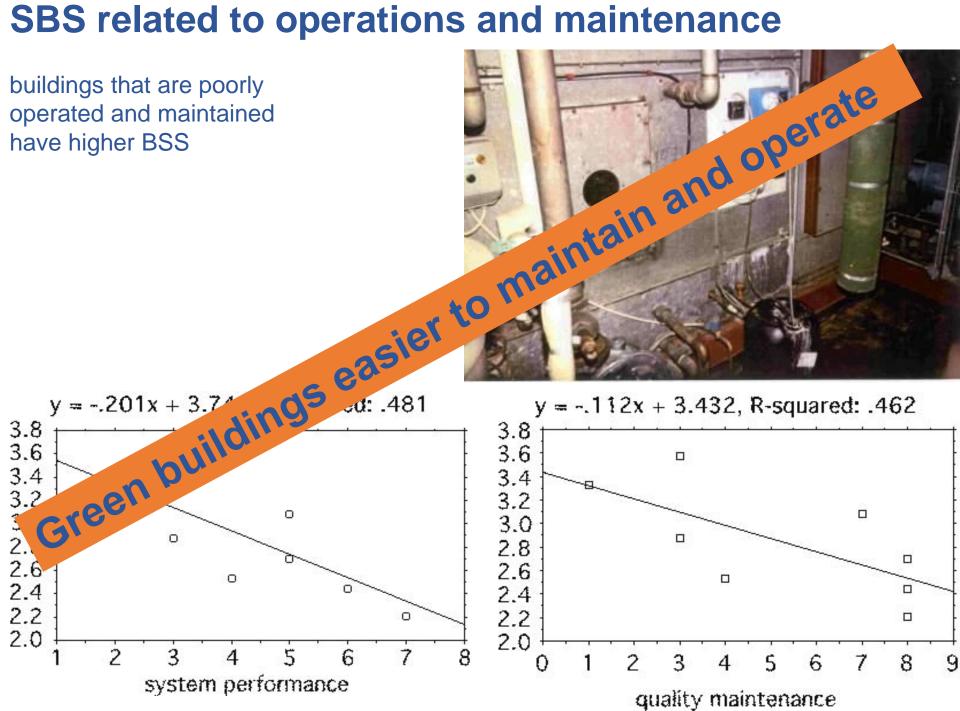


#### SBS related to operations and maintenance

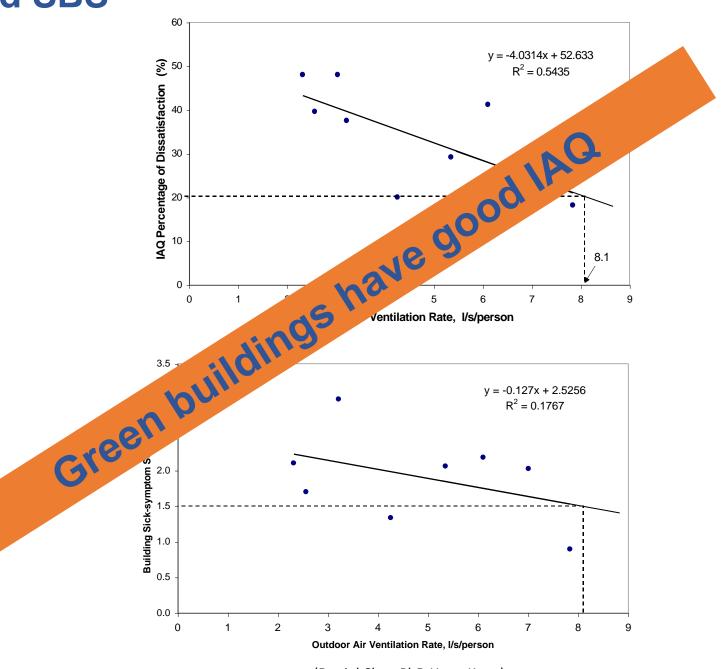
system performance

2.2

2.0

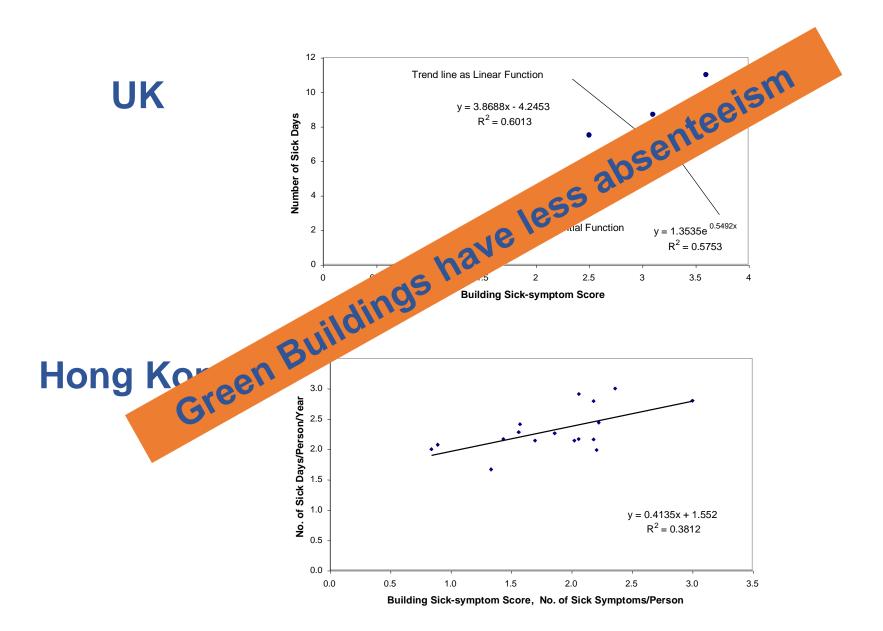


#### IAQ and SBS



(Daniel Chan PhD Hong Kong)

#### **SBS** and Absenteeism



#### **Multiple Benefits**

#### **FUTURE PROOFING**

- Retrofitting may be increasingly dealt with through regulations;
- Green buildings may be considered a lower risk, which could result in a higher yield on investment.

#### CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

 Corporate Social Responsibility (Carroll, AB, 1991) for a business includes ethical and philanthropic responsibilities, alongside economic and legal responsibilities.

#### **MARKETABILITY**

- Sustainability credentials enjoy increased marketability;
- More easily attract tenants and to command higher rents and prices;
- •Emerging 'brown discounts', where buildings that are not green may rent or sell for less;
- •Green leases can provide benefits to both tenants and landlords.









































#### **GREEN RETROFITS**

- Commissioning, typically 22% energy savings, with payback period of 1.1 years;
- ii. Standard retrofit, 25-45% savings with payback period less than 4 years. Such retrofits generally adopt a package of component-level replacements of existing equipment;
- iii. Deep retrofits, integrated whole-building approach typical savings of 45%, with payback period of up to 3 years, upgrades to the building envelope are combined with retrofits of lighting and mechanical systems.

(Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, 2011)











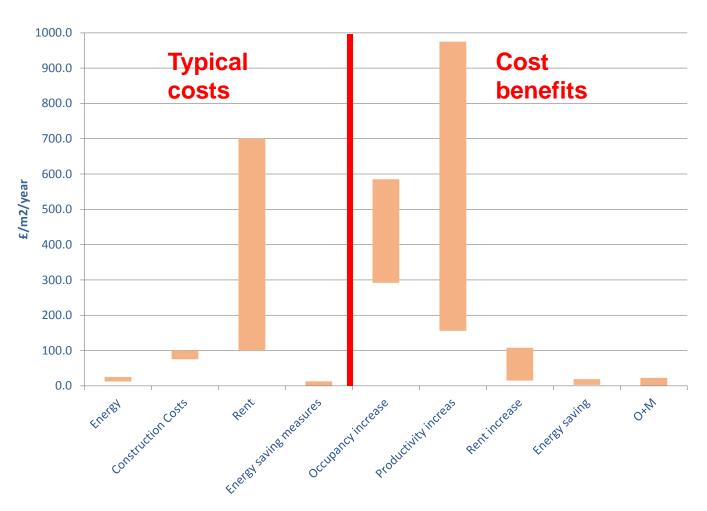








#### **SUMMARY**























#### Multiple Benefits of Green Commercial Buildings

#### **National / Global**

The control of the co

#### Building

inducements to do with environmental stewardship.

Higher demand from institutional investors mandatory for government tenants. Contribute to company CSR policy.

















# Thank You



















