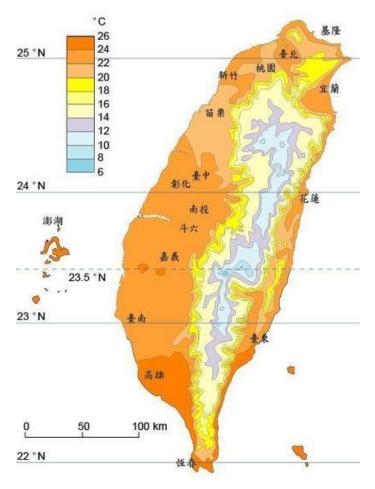


Low-Carbon Building Environment Adaptation Countermeasures of Pingtung County



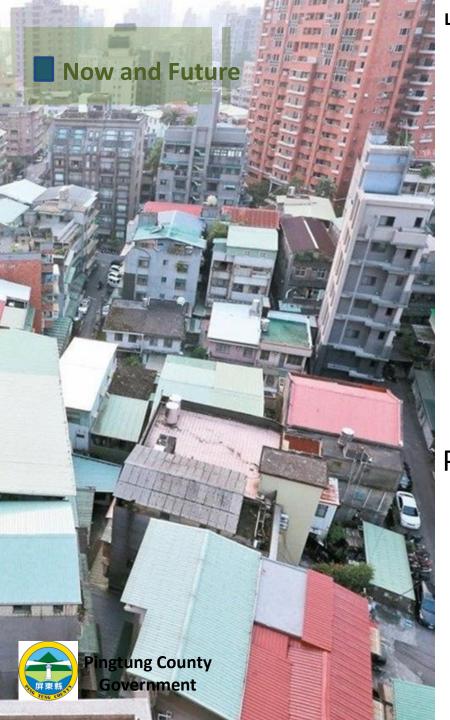
The weather of Taiwan



Torridity (six months)

rainy (three months)

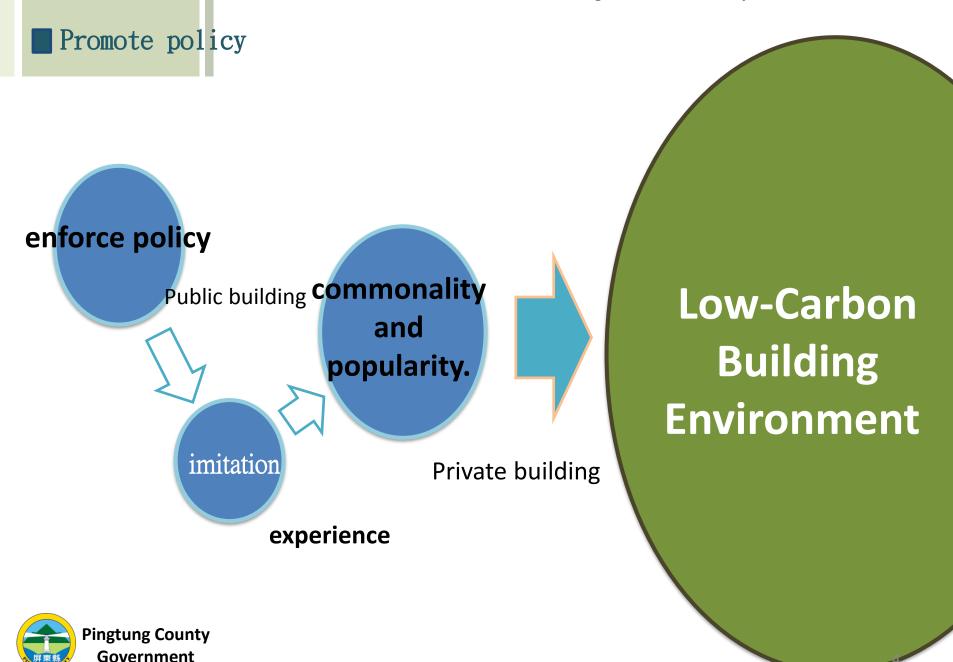




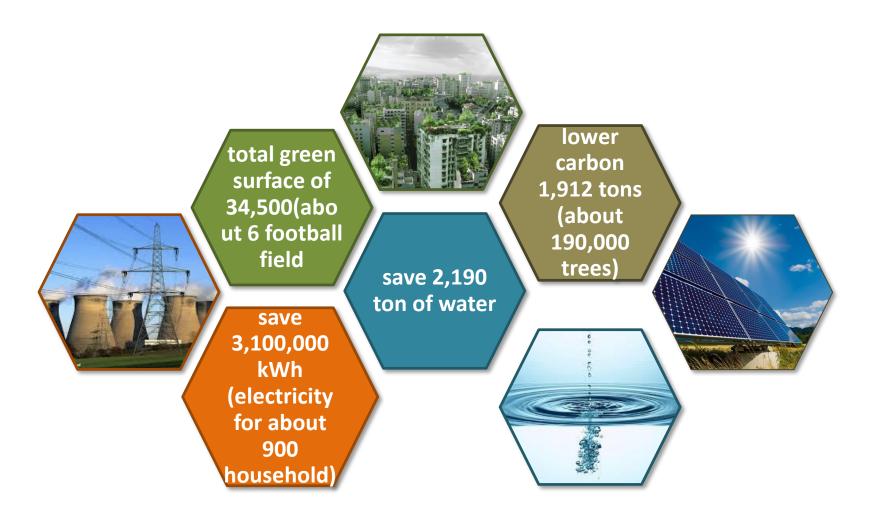


Policy **Low-Carbon Environment**:

- 1 · green
- 2 · renewable energy
- 3 \ heat insulation
- 4 · water saving
- 5 · Universal design









Five types











The public new buildings

Over 16 floors buildings

Factory buildings

new Restaurants cram schools interior decoration



The first type of buildings

type: schools, libraries, transportation terminals,

town halls, government offices

Executive items include:

The roof of insulation layer squared greening or solar photovoltaic power generation facilities

- 二、Garbage disposal facilities
- 三、Water-saving toilets
- 四、Bicycle parking space
- 六、Power lines and traffic lines for





第一類建築物:指公有新建建築物。但本自治條例公布施行前預算已審議通

過或工程造價未達新臺幣三千萬元者,不在此限。

(適用類型以一零三年度統計共十六件,校舍七件、體育館四件及公家機關五件。)

■ The second type of buildings

type: Over 16 floors buildings (congregate housing)

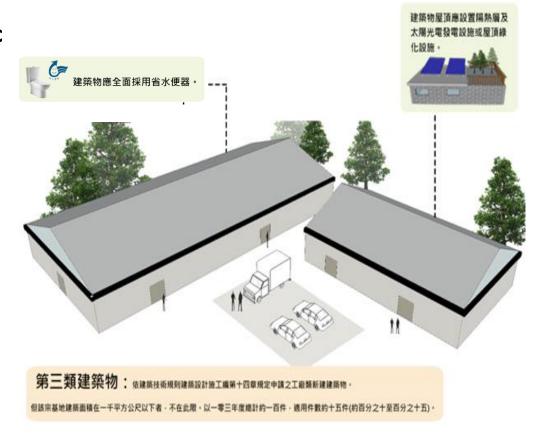
- The roof of insulation layer solar photovoltaic power generation facilities
- 二、Garbage disposal facilities
- 三、 Green Building Materials
- 四、Bicycle parking space and shower facilities with separate dry and wet area
- 五、Water-saving toilets



■ The third type of buildings

type: factory buildings

- The roof of solar photovoltaic power generation facilities
- \square \triangleright water-saving toilets





■ The fourth type of buildings

type: stores, restaurants, offices, schools, clinics.

- The roof of insulation layer \
 greening or solar photovoltaic
 power generation facilities
- \square \cdot Water-saving toilets
- 三、 Bicycle parking space
- 四、Permeable pavements





■ The fifth type of buildings

type: indoor space using energy-saving lamps

indoor space using energy-saving lamps





Propaganda





propaganda

田聰明基地設計準則

●綠能屋頂及有氧的透水鋪面

透過屋頂上進行線化達到建築隔熱降溫,減 低室內空調使用、淨化空氣汙染等改善都市 生態環境。草坪讓雨水或其他水源通過人工 所鋪築的鋪面時,能滲入到墓底面。



屏東縣綠建築自治條例

●立體線化



透過牆面綠化、陽台綠化、來增加「綠點 」的手法來提升整體的緣化量,建築物外 觀的立體線化能達到室內降溫的功效。

● 通用設計

利用通用設計概念,使每空間提高使用性,讓男女老幼、 高齡者、身心障礙者等族群都可以使用。



●有效的深遠陽

依挑籃或遮陽或陽台設計,可降 低建築物空調的耗,改善室內光 環境,減少日間人工照明。



●環保建康健材的運用



大多數民眾使用室內空間約90%以 上的時間,與裝修建材的使用有過量 的情形,因此空間健康生活品質更加 重要,故納入環保健康得概念。

經由開口部設計,導入自然通風不但可 以提供通風功能、降低室內二氧化碳、 並改善室內空氣溫溼度及室內環境降溫

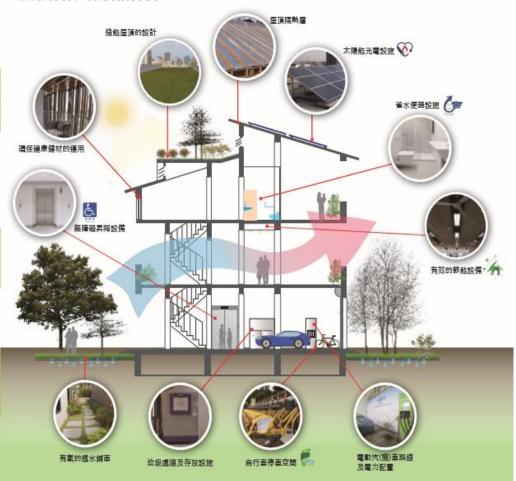


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green building selfgovernment ordinance of Pingtung County design incentives

optoelectronic facilities subsidies,

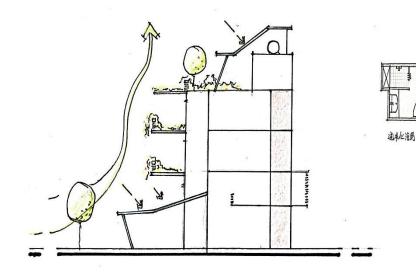
three-dimensional green subsidies

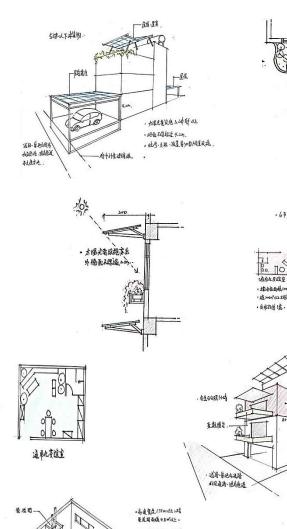
green building renovation of existing buildings



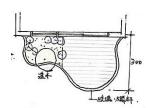
Residential Building Design Feedback

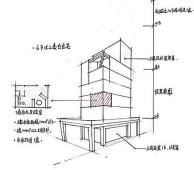
we are developing a future plan that the Residential Building Design Feedback Program now, and It's will make residential space got more healthily, comfortable and energy saving



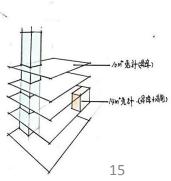








展室/00%以上 温度30%上





Greening Roof and Solar Photovoltaic plan





roof solar photovoltaic facilities





extend balcony









Universal design





thank you for listening

